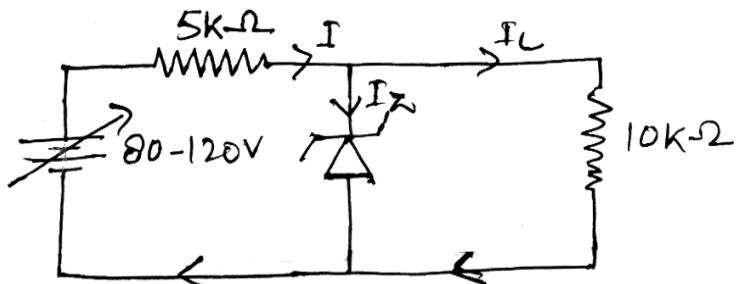


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**Ph.D. Entrance Examination, 2024**  
**ELECTRONICS**  
**Maximum Marks : 50**

**Note :** Each question carrying 2 marks.

**Q. 1.** For the circuit shown in fig, the maximum and minimum value of zener diode current is :



- (a) 1 mA, 2 mA
- (b) 9 mA, 1 mA
- (c) 1 mA, 9 mA
- (d) None of above

**Q. 2.** Efficiency of solar cell is :

- (a)  $\eta = (I_0 + I_\ell) \left( \frac{V_{m^2}}{V_m + V_T} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{P_{in}}$
- (b)  $\eta = (I_0 + I_\ell) \left( \frac{V_m}{V_m + V_T} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{P_{in}}$
- (c)  $\eta = (I_0 + I_\ell) \left( \frac{V_m + V_T}{V_{m^2}} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{P_{in}}$
- (d) None of the above

**Q. 3.** Photomasking :

- (a) Controls the depth of diffusion
- (b) Is used to process to remove selected regions of silicon oxide
- (c) Reduces the size of the circuit elements
- (d) None of the above

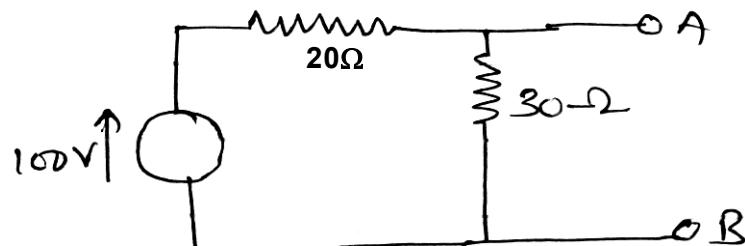
**Q. 4.** Light sensitive integrated circuit that captures images by converting photons to electron is :

**(3)**

- (a) CMOS
- (b) CCD
- (c) XRD
- (d) SEM

**Q. 5.** Find the thevenin voltage and thevenin resistance  
of the two terminal network shown in given

figure :



- (a) 60 V, 12Ω
- (b) 12V, 60Ω

**(4)**

- (c) 6V, 1.2Ω
- (d) None of these

**Q. 6.** What is the fourier cosine transform of  $e^{-t^2}$  ?

(a)  $e^{-s^2}$

(b)  $e^{-s^2/2}$

(c)  $e^{-s^2/4}$

(d)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} e^{-s^2/4}$

**Q. 7.** The frequency of phase shift oscillator is :

(a)  $f = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{LC}}$

(b)  $f = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{10}(\pi RC)}$

**(5)**

(c)  $f = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{RC}}$

- (d) None of these

**Q. 8.** The transconductance curve of a JFET is :

(a) A straight line

(b) Parabolic

(c) Hyperbolic

(d) Inverted V-type

**Q. 9.** Simplify the logic circuit boolean expression

$$Y = [A \cdot \bar{B}(C + BD) + \bar{A} \bar{B}]C$$

(a) AB

(b) BC

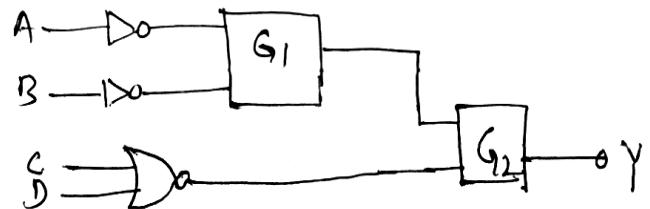
**(6)**

(c)  $\bar{B}C$

(d)  $B\bar{C}$

**Q. 10.** Let Y denote the output in the following logical

circuit :



If  $Y = AB + \bar{C}\bar{D}$ , the gates  $G_1$  and  $G_2$  must be :

(a) OR and NAND

(b) NOR and OR

(c) AND and NAND

(d) NAND and OR

**(7)**

**Q. 11.** In 8086 microprocessor, example for Non-

maskable interrupts are :

- (a) TRAP
- (b) RST 6.5
- (c) INTR
- (d) RST 6.6

**Q. 12.** On power up, the 8051 uses which RAM

locations for register R0-R7 :

- (a) 00-2F
- (b) 00-07
- (c) 00-7F
- (d) 00-0F

**(8)**

**Q. 13.** Photodiode is a semiconductor P-N junction

device whose operation is limited to :

- (a) Forward bias region
- (b) Reverse bias region
- (c) Cut-off region
- (d) Saturation region

**Q. 14.** In LED, which type of process occur :

- (a) Mechanoluminescence
- (b) Electroluminescence
- (c) Thermoluminescence
- (d) Sonoluminescence

**(9)**

**Q. 15.** In LASER, the ratio of probability of spontaneous emission to stimulated emission is :

(a)  $\frac{8\pi h\nu^3}{c^3}$

(b)  $\frac{8\pi h\nu^2}{c^2}$

(c)  $\frac{8\pi h\nu}{c}$

(d) None of these

**Q. 16.** The Radar range equation is :

(a)  $\left[ \frac{P_t A_o^2 S}{4\pi \lambda^2 (P_r)_{\min}} \right]^{\frac{1}{4}}$

(b)  $\left[ \frac{P_t A_o^2 S}{4\pi \lambda^2 (P_r)_{\min}} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$

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**P.T.O.**

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(c)  $\left[ \frac{P_t A_o^2 S}{4\pi \lambda^2 (P_r)_{\max}} \right]^{\frac{1}{4}}$

(d)  $\left[ \frac{P_t A_o^2 S}{4\pi \lambda^2 (P_r)_{\max}} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$

**Q. 17.** A high power microwave pulse of the order of megawatts can be generated in :

(a) Travelling wave tube

(b) Magnetron

(c) Reflex Klystron

(d) Gunn Diode

**Q. 18.** Klystron operates on the principle of :

(a) Amplitude modulation

(b) Frequency modulation

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- (c) Velocity modulation
- (d) Pulse modulation

**Q. 19.** A wireless transmitter radiates 4 kilowatt with an

unmodulated carrier wave and 5.2 kilowatt with  
modulated wave. The percentage of modulation is :

- (a) 25%
- (b) 75%
- (c) 77.46%
- (d) 95.6%

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**P.T.O.**

**(12)**

**Q. 20.** Numerical Aperture of optical fiber in air :

- (a)  $\sqrt{\mu_1^2 - \mu_2^2}$
- (b)  $\frac{\sqrt{\mu_1^2 - \mu_2^2}}{\mu_1}$
- (c)  $\sqrt{\mu_1^2 + \mu_2^2}$
- (d) None of these

**Q. 21.** In satellite communication, the equipment which

receives a signal, amplifies it, changes its  
frequency and retransmit it is called :

- (a) Transducer
- (b) Transponder

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- (c) Transmitter
- (d) None of the above

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- (c) Ripple factor
- (d) Knee voltage

**Q. 22.** SCR is used as :

- (a) An Amplifier
- (b) Rectifier
- (c) Modulator
- (d) Demodulator

**Q. 23.** Which one of the following is a measure of purity

- of the power output of a power supply ?
- (a) Rectification
  - (b) Regulation

**Q. 24.** What is the convolution of  $F(t)$  with delta function

- $\delta(t - t_o)$  is :
- (a)  $F(t + t_o)$
  - (b)  $F(t - t_o)$
  - (c)  $F(t)$

- (d) None of these

**Q. 25.** Active transducer work on the principle of :

- (a) Energy conversion
- (b) Mass conversion

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(c) Energy alteration

(d) Volume conversion

